

Kraft

$F = \text{verdi} \cdot \text{benedning}$
↑
vektor

$\text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$
N
Newton

$$\sum F = m \cdot a$$

masse

akselerasjon

← Newtons 2. lov.

$$\sum F = 0$$

↑
Summen
av kreftene

$$: a = 0$$

v er konstant

← Newtons 1. lov

$$F = -F$$

kraft er lik motkraft

← Newtons 3. lov

Symboler

F, G, R, U, N, ...

↑
tyngde
kraft

↑
friksjons
kraft

Tyngdekraft $G = ma = mg$

Ekse: $m = 70,0 \text{ kg}$

$$G = 70,0 \cdot 9,81 \text{ [kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2\text{]}$$

$$= 686,7 \text{ [N]}$$

På månen $g_m = 1,62 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$G = 70,0 \cdot 1,62 = 113,4 \text{ [N]}$$

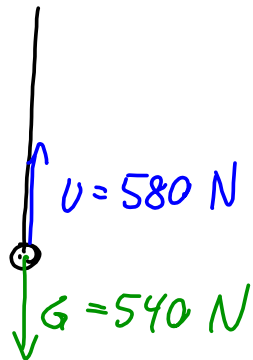
konstant $g = 9,81 \text{ m/s}^2$
 feltstyrke

$$m' = \frac{113,4}{9,81} = 11,5 \text{ kg}$$

↑ feilaktig på månen
 ↓ icke feil

2.03

+ ↑



$$\Sigma F = U - G$$

$$= 580 \text{ N} - 540 \text{ N}$$

$$= 40 \text{ N}$$

→ + virker oppover

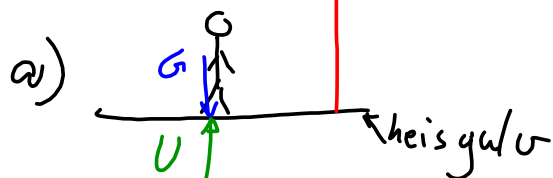
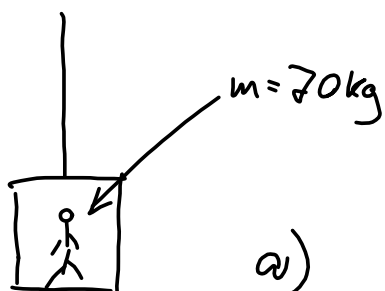
2.07

$$a) m = 4,0 \text{ kg} \quad G = mg = 4,0 [\text{kg}] \cdot 9,81 \left[\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \right] = 39,2 [\text{N}]$$

$$b) G = 29 \text{ N} \quad m = \frac{G}{g} = \frac{29 \text{ N}}{9,81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}} = 3,0 \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}{\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}} = 3,0 \text{ kg}$$

$$c) G = m \cdot g_m = 30 \text{ kg} \cdot 1,62 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = 49 \text{ N}$$

2.13

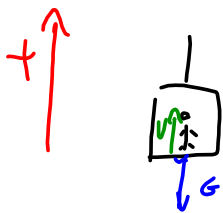


$$\Sigma F = 0 = U - G$$

$$U = G = 70 \cdot 9,81 = 687 \text{ N}$$

$$G = 687 \text{ N nedover} \quad U = 687 \text{ N oppover}$$

2.13 b)



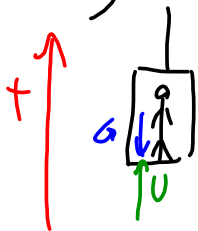
$$a = 2,5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$G = m \cdot g = 687 \text{ nedover}$$

$$\Sigma F = m \cdot a = U - G$$

$$U = m \cdot a + G = 70 \cdot 2,5 + 687 = 175 + 687 = 862 \text{ N}$$

c)



$$a = 2,5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$G = 687 \text{ N nedover}$$

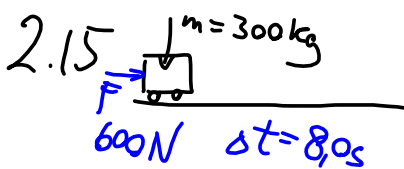
$$\Sigma F = m \cdot a = U - G$$

$$U = m \cdot a + G = 687 - 70 \cdot 2,5 = 687 - 175 = 512 \text{ N}$$

a pølker i minus retning

$$2.14 \quad a) \quad a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{t_2 - t_1} = \frac{1,0 \frac{m}{s} - 0,0 \frac{m}{s}}{4,0 s - 0,0 s} = 0,25 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

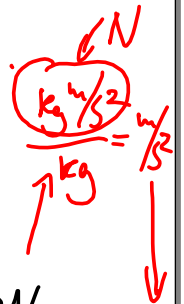
$$b) \quad \Sigma F = m \cdot a = 12 \text{ kg} \cdot 0,25 \frac{m}{s^2} = 3,0 \text{ N}$$



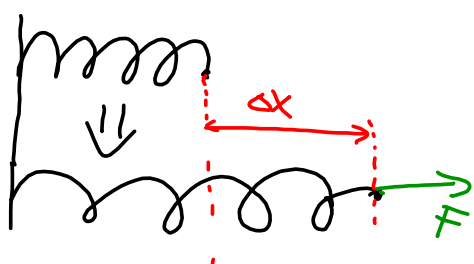
$$a) \quad \Sigma F = m \cdot a \Rightarrow a = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{600 \text{ N}}{300 \text{ kg}} = 2,0 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$b) \quad v = a \cdot t = 2,0 \cdot 8,0 \left[\frac{m}{s^2} \cdot s \right] = 16,0 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$c) \quad s = v_0 \cdot t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 = \frac{1}{2} 2,0 \left[\frac{m}{s^2} \right] \cdot 8,0^2 [s^2] = 64,0 [m]$$



Fjærkraft



$$F = k \cdot x$$

← Hookes lov
 ← forlengelse/for kortelse [m]
 ↑ fjærstivhet $\left[\frac{N}{m}\right]$

2.21

$$a) \Delta x = 4,0 \text{ cm} \quad F = 10 \text{ N}$$

$$k = \frac{F}{\Delta x} = \frac{10 \text{ N}}{0,04 \text{ m}} = 250 \left[\frac{N}{m}\right]$$

$$b) \Delta x_2 = \frac{F}{k} = \frac{15 \text{ N}}{250 \frac{N}{m}} = 0,06 \text{ m} = 6,0 \text{ cm}$$